

Anatomy and Physiology: Grades 9-12

Organization of the Body I

- A** Define and explain how anatomy and physiology are related. I.A

- B** Identify levels of structural organization that make up the human body and explain the relationship. I.B

- C** State the human body organ systems and list their functions. I.C

- D** Identify, locate, and label anatomical position, regional terms, directional terms, body cavities, planes of the body, abdominopelvic quadrants, and abdominopelvic regions. I.D

- E** Describe the functions of the human body and explain how these functions aid in the maintenance of life. I.E

- F** Explain homeostasis and its role in normal body function. I.F

Chemical Basis for Life II

- A** Review how the study of living materials requires understanding of chemistry. II.A

- B** Explain the concept of pH, and its effect on body functions II.B

- C** Describe how and where enzymes work in the body II.C

- D** Explain the importance of water and salts to body homeostasis II.D

- E** Compare the structures and functions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and nucleic acids II.E

- F** Compare and contrast the structure and functions of DNA and RNA II.F

Cells and Tissues III

- A** Identify or diagram the cell organelles and be able to explain their function III.A

- B** Compare osmosis, diffusion, filtration and give examples III.B

- C** Describe different cell types and explain the functionality of the differences III.C

- D** Describe the cell cycle, including the phases of mitosis and explain how the timing of cell division is regulated. III.D

E Identify the use of stem cells in modern medical procedures and research III.E

F Name classes of human tissues and explain their structure, function, and location III.F

G Describe ways the body repairs damaged tissue III.G

H Identify the various forms of cancer and describe how it affects the body III.H

Integumentary System IV

A Identify structure and function of the skin and accessory structures IV.A

B Describe the normal and pathological colors and conditions of the skin IV.B

C Identify and differentiate between the different types of skin cancer IV.C

D Describe the three classes of burns, the rule of 9s and treatment of each class IV.D

E Understand the role of the integumentary system in maintaining homeostasis IV.E

Skeletal System V

A Differentiate between axial and appendicular skeleton V.A

B Identify functions of the skeletal system V.B

C Identify, locate, and label bones and bone markings of the body. V.C

D Describe bone development through the lifespan V.D

E Identify, locate, and label the joints of the body V.E

F Identify location and function of tendons and ligaments V.F

G Name different types of fractures V.G

H Identify causes and current medical treatments of skeletal disorders V.H

Muscular System VI

A Distinguish between the three types of muscle tissue and tell where they are in the body VI.A

B Identify major muscle groups of face, neck, shoulder, chest, abdomen, back, arms, and legs. VI.B

C Describe the function of the muscular system VI.C

D Compare the structure of the whole muscle and the structure of a single muscle fiber. VI.D

E Explain how skeletal muscle meets its energy demands during rest and exercise VI.E

F State the criteria for naming muscles **VII.F**

G Describe action of each muscle group related to origin and insertion. **VII.G**

Nervous System VII

A List the general functions of the nervous system **VII.A**

B Explain the structural and functional divisions of the nervous system **VII.B**

C List the types of supporting cells and cite their functions **VII.C**

D Identify and label parts of neurons and relate each to a physiological role **VII.D**

E Classify sensory receptors according to body location, structure, and stimulus detected **VII.E**

F Describe the events that led up to, happen during, and result after a nerve impulse and its conduction from one neuron to another **VII.F**

G Identify and indicate the functions of the major regions of the cerebral hemispheres, diencephalons, brain stem, and cerebellum on a human brain model or diagram **VII.G**

H Identify the three meningeal layers, and state their functions **VII.H**

I Understand the formation and function of cerebrospinal fluid and the blood-brain barrier **VII.I**

J Describe spinal cord structure and list its functions **VII.J**

K List the components of the peripheral nervous system **VII.K**

L Distinguish between sensory, motor, and mixed nerves **VII.L**

M Name and locate the cranial nerves and describe their function **VII.M**

N Identify the major nerve plexuses, give the major nerves of each, and describe their distribution **VII.N**

O Distinguish between autonomic and somatic reflexes **VII.O**

P Compare and contrast the general functions of the parasympathetic and sympathetic nervous systems **VII.P**

Q Understand from an anatomical and physiological perspective, the functions of sight, hearing & balance, taste, and smell **VII.Q**

R Identify diseases and disorders of the special sense systems **VII.R**

Endocrine System VIII

A Compare between hormonal and neural controls of body functioning **VIII.A**

B List the major endocrine organs, and describe their locations in the body and the hormones they secrete VIII.B

C Describe what a hormone is and how it functions VIII.C

D Understand the negative feedback mechanism VIII.D

E Describe major pathological consequences of hypersecretion and hypo-secretion of hormones VIII.E

F Identify the endocrine role of the kidneys, the stomach and intestine, the heart, and the placenta VIII.F

E Describe the effect of aging on the endocrine system and homeostasis VIII.E

Blood IX

A Describe the composition and physical characteristics of whole blood and explain why it is classified as a connective tissue IX.A

B List the functions of blood IX.B

C Discuss the composition and functions of plasma IX.C

D Describe the blood-clotting process IX.D

E Describe the ABO and Rh blood groups and explain the basis of transfusion reactions IX.E

F Explain the importance of blood testing as a diagnostic tool IX.F

G Name some blood disorders that become more common with age IX.G

Cardiovascular System X

A Describe the location of the heart in the body, and identify its major anatomical structures X.A

B Describe the structure and functions of the heart chambers. Name each chamber and provide the name and general route of blood flow X.B

C Trace the electrical activity of the heart (EKG) X.C

D Compare and contrast the structure and function of arteries, veins, and capillaries X.D

E Define vasoconstriction and vasodilation X.E

F Trace blood flow through the heart. X.F

H Identify the body's major arteries and veins, and name the body region supplied by each X.H

I Discuss the unique features of special circulations of the body: arterial to the brain, hepatic portal, pulmonary, and fetal X.I

J List and explain the factors that influence blood pressure and describe how blood pressure is regulated X.J

K Describe the structure and function of a capillary bed X.K

L Draw a diagram of a normal electrocardiogram tracing: name the individual waves and intervals, and indicate what each represents X.L

Lymphatic System and Immune Systems XI

A Identify the structures of the lymphatic system and explain how the lymphatic system is functionally related to the cardiovascular and immune systems XI.A

B Describe the composition of lymph and explain its formation and transport XI.B

C Describe the general location, histological structure, and functions of lymph nodes XI.C

D Name and describe the other lymphoid organs of the body. Compare and contrast them with lymph nodes structurally and functionally XI.D

E #VALUE! XI.E

F Explain the difference between an antigen and an antibody. XI.F

G Explain how fever helps protect the body against invading pathogens XI.G

H Describe immune-deficiencies, allergies, and autoimmune diseases XI.H

Respiratory System XII

A Identify locate and label the structures of the respiratory system. XII.A

B Trace the air from nostrils to alveoli XII.B

C Describe the process of inspiration and expiration XII.C

D Identify lung volumes and capacities XII.D

E Discuss voluntary and involuntary control of breathing XII.E

F Describe common lung diseases and disorders XII.F

G Explain the functional importance of the intra-pleural space XII.G

H Describe how oxygen and carbon dioxide are transported in the blood XII.H

I Name several physical factors that influence respiratory rate XII.I

Digestive System and Metabolism XIII

- A** Describe the function of the digestive system XIII.A

- B** List and briefly describe the major processes occurring during digestion XIII.B

- C** Identify, locate and label the structures of the digestive system XIII.C

- D** Differentiate between the organs of the alimentary canal and accessory organs XIII.D

- E** List the major functions of the large intestine XIII.E

- F** List the major enzymes produced by the digestive system and how they function XIII.F

- G** List the major nutrient categories their dietary sources and the main cellular uses XIII.G

- H** Explain metabolism XIII.H

- I** Analyze and explain the chemical reactions that provide energy for the body XIII.I

- J** Explain the importance of electrolytes balance and its role in homeostasis XIII.J

- K** Identify common diseases and disorders of the digestive system. XIII.K

Urinary System XIV

- A** Describe the general structure and function of the urinary system including kidneys, ureters, bladder, and urethra XIV.A

- B** Identify the parts of the nephron responsible for filtration, reabsorption, and secretion XIV.B

- C** Describe the physical and chemical properties of urine XIV.C

- D** Describe diseases and disorders of the urinary system. XIV.D

- E** Define micturition XIV.E

Reproductive System XV

- A** Describe the common structure and function of the male and female reproductive systems XV.A

- B** Define spermatogenesis and trace the pathway of sperm cells from their site of formation to the body exterior XV.B

- C** Discuss effects of testosterone on male reproductive system XV.C

- D** Describe the phases of the ovarian cycle and relate them to events of oogenesis XV.D

- E** Describe effects of hormones on the female reproductive organs XV.E

F Discuss disorders and diseases of the male and female reproductive systems. XV.F

G Describe the process of fertilization and the changes of the female body during pregnancy XV.G

H Explain how labor is initiated and describe the three stages of labor XV.H

I Discuss risk factors that interfere with normal fetal development XV.I

J Distinguish among the types of inheritance and explain techniques to predict genetic disease XV.J